

$$\boxed{\frac{dv}{dt} = g - \frac{c_d}{m} v^2}, \quad 0 < t \leq t_F$$

$v(0) = 0$

(\*)  $\frac{dv(t)}{dt} \approx \frac{v(t+h) - v(t)}{h}$  provided  $h$  is small

→  $t_0 = 0, t_1 = \Delta t, t_2 = 2\Delta t, \dots, t_F = n \Delta t$

$\Delta t$ : time step

$$v_i = v(t_i)$$

from (\*)  $\boxed{\frac{dv}{dt}(t_i) \approx \frac{v(t_i + \Delta t) - v(t_i)}{\Delta t}}$  (xx)

from equation of  $v$ :

$$\frac{dv}{dt}(t_1) = g - c_d v(t_1)^2$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt}(t_2) = g - c_d v(t_2)^2$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt}(t_{n-1}) = g - c_d v(t_{n-1})^2$$

general  $i$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n-1$

$$v_i := v(t_i)$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt}(t_i) \approx \frac{v(\overbrace{t_i + \Delta t}^{t_{i+1}}) - v(t_i)}{\Delta t} = g - \frac{c_d}{m} v(t_i)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{v_{i+1} - v_i}{\Delta t} = g - \frac{c_d}{m} v_i^2$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{i+1} = v_i + \Delta t \left( g - \frac{c_d}{m} v_i^2 \right)$$

✓  $v_0$

$$\checkmark v_1 = v_0 + \Delta t \left( g - \frac{c_d}{m} v_0^2 \right)$$

$$\checkmark v_2 = v_1 + \Delta t \left( g - \frac{c_d}{m} v_1^2 \right)$$

⋮  
⋮

$$\checkmark v_n = v_{n-1} + \Delta t \left( g - \frac{c_d}{m} v_{n-1}^2 \right)$$

for  $i = 2 : n$

$$v(i) = v(i-1)$$

$$+ \Delta t \left( g - \frac{c_d}{m} v(i-1)^2 \right)$$

end

## Errors in Numerical simulation

- X (i) finite capacity of computers in representing numbers
- ✓ (ii) discretization error, truncation error, numerical error
- X, ✓ (iii) modeling errors

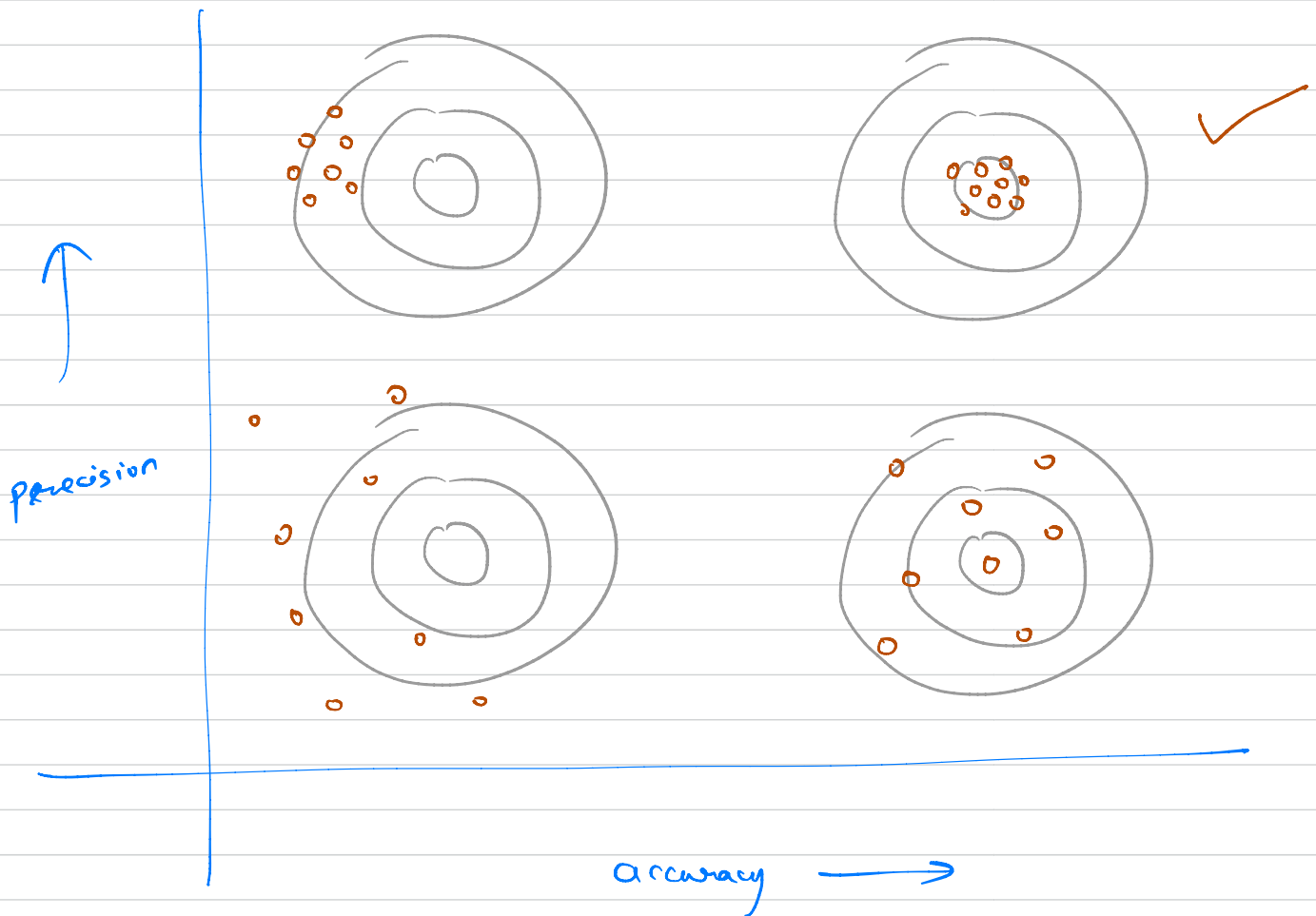
Box  $\Rightarrow$  "All models are wrong, but some are useful"

- X, ✓ (iv) uncertainty/observation error/experimental error in data

Precision :  $a_i$  ,  $i=1, \dots, n$

$$(a_2 - a_1) \gg (a_3 - a_2) \gg \dots \gg (a_n - a_{n-1})$$

Accuracy : if suppose, I know true value  $a$ ,  
then  
 $a - a_i$



Definition of error:

True error: Applicable only if you know the true value

$$E_t = (\text{True value} - \text{Approximate value})$$

$$v_{\text{true}} = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{\text{app}} = 9 \text{ m/s}$$

$$E_t = 1 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{\text{true}} = 10000 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{\text{app}} = 9999 \text{ m/s}$$

$$E_t = 1 \text{ m/s}$$

$$e_t = \frac{E_t}{\text{True value}} \times 100 \%$$

$$e_t = 10\%$$

$$e_t = 0.01 \%$$

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$$E_a = \frac{\text{present approximate value} - \text{Previous approximate value}}{\text{Present approx. val.}} \times 100\%$$