

## Lecture 3B

### Single step methods

$$\text{ODE: } \frac{dy}{dt} = f(t, y), \quad y(0) = y_0$$

$$\text{notation: } y_i = y(t_i), \quad f_i = f(t_i, y_i)$$

#### (1.) Forward Euler Method

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta t f_i$$

#### (2.) Backward Euler Method

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta t f_{i+1}$$

#### (3.) Heun's Method (Trapezoidal Method)

$$y_{i+1}^0 = y_i + \Delta t f_i \quad (\text{prediction})$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \frac{f_i + f(t_{i+1}, y_{i+1}^0)}{2} \Delta t \quad (\text{corrector})$$

#### (4.) Midpoint Method

$$y_{i+\frac{1}{2}} = y_i + f_i \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + f(t_{i+\frac{1}{2}}, y_{i+\frac{1}{2}}) \Delta t$$

Notation

$$t_{i+\frac{1}{2}} = t_i + \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$

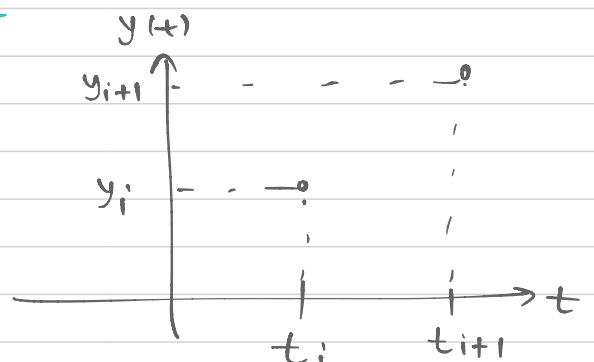
$$y_{i+\frac{1}{2}} = y(t_{i+\frac{1}{2}})$$

### Exercises in forward Euler method

$$(t_i, y_i) \quad \checkmark, \quad f(t_i, y_i) \quad \checkmark$$

$$(t_{i+1}, y_{i+1}) \quad ?$$

Assume:  $f$  is just a function of  $t$ .



$$\begin{aligned}
 y(t_{i+1}) &= y(t_i) + (t_{i+1} - t_i) \frac{dy}{dt}(t_i) + \frac{(t_{i+1} - t_i)^2}{2!} \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2}(t_i) \\
 &+ \dots + \frac{(t_{i+1} - t_i)^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} \frac{d^{n-1} y}{dt^{n-1}}(t_i) \xrightarrow{\text{green}} \frac{d^{n-2} f}{dt^{n-2}}(t_i) \\
 &+ \frac{(t_{i+1} - t_i)^n}{n!} \frac{d^n y}{dt^n}(t_i) \\
 &+ \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

note  $t_{i+1} - t_i = \Delta t$  ( $\Delta t_i$ )

$$y^{(k)}(t) = \frac{d^k y}{dt^k}(t)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt}(t_i) = f(t_i)$$

$$\frac{d^k y}{dt^k}(t_i) = f^{(k-1)}(t_i), \quad k \geq 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow y_{i+1} &= y_i + \Delta t f_i + \frac{\Delta t^2}{2!} f_i^{(2)} + \dots + \frac{\Delta t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} f_i^{(n-1)} \\
 &+ \frac{\Delta t^n}{n!} f_i^{(n)} + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

another version (truncated)

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_{i+1} &= y_i + \Delta t \frac{dy}{dt}(t_i) + \dots + \frac{\Delta t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} \frac{d^{n-1} y}{dt^{n-1}}(t_i) \\
 &+ \frac{\Delta t^n}{n!} \frac{d^n y}{dt^n}(z_n)
 \end{aligned}$$

for some  $z_n \in [t_i, t_{i+1}]$

another version with  $O$  notation

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta t \frac{dy}{dt}(t_i) + \dots + \frac{\Delta t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} \frac{d^{n-1}y}{dt^{n-1}}(t_i)$$

$$+ O(\Delta t^n)$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta t f_i + \dots + \frac{\Delta t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} f_i^{(n-2)} + O(\Delta t^n)$$

forward Euler

source of error

$$O(\Delta t^2)$$

$$= \frac{\Delta t^2}{2!} f_i^{(1)} + \frac{\Delta t^3}{3!} f_i^{(2)} + \dots + \frac{\Delta t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} f_i^{(n-2)} + \dots$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta t \frac{dy}{dt}(t_i) + \frac{\Delta t^2}{2!} \frac{d^2y}{dt^2}(\xi), \quad \xi \in [t_i, t_{i+1}]$$

$$O(\Delta t^2) = \frac{\Delta t^2}{2!} \frac{d^2y}{dt^2}(\xi) = \frac{\Delta t^2}{2!} f^{(1)}(\xi)$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta t f_i + O(\Delta t^2)$$

Local errors: error in single step

$$(t_i, y_i) \longrightarrow (t_{i+1}, y_{i+1})$$

one step

the error in this step is  $O(\Delta t^2)$

Global error: error over all steps

$$(t_1, y_1) \longrightarrow (t_2, y_2) \longrightarrow (t_3, y_3) \longrightarrow \dots$$

$\Delta t$  is time step,  $T$  is final time,

then  $\frac{T}{\Delta t}$  is the number of time steps.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{global error} &\approx \frac{T}{\Delta t} O(\Delta t^2) \\ &= O(\Delta t) \end{aligned}$$

### Error in backward Euler

$$y(t_i) = y(t_{i+1}) + \frac{(t_i - t_{i+1})}{1} \frac{dy}{dt}(t_{i+1})$$

$$+ \frac{(t_i - t_{i+1})^2}{2!} \frac{d^2y}{dt^2}(\eta), \quad \eta \in [t_i, t_{i+1}]$$

$$\Rightarrow y_i = y_{i+1} - \Delta t f_{i+1} + \frac{\Delta t^2}{2!} f''(\eta)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{y_{i+1} = y_i + \Delta t f_{i+1}}_{\text{backward Euler}} + \underbrace{O(\Delta t^2)}_{\text{source of error}} \quad \underbrace{O(\Delta t^2)}$$

$\therefore$  local error is  $O(\Delta t^2)$

$\therefore$  global error is  $O(\Delta t)$

## Error in Runge's method

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f(t)$$

integrate over  $[t_i, t_{i+1}]$

$(t_i, y_i)$  ✓

$(t_{i+1}, y_{i+1})$  ?

$$\int_{t_i}^{t_{i+1}} \frac{dy}{dt} dt = \int_{t_i}^{t_{i+1}} f(t) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t_{i+1}) - y(t_i) = \int_{t_i}^{t_{i+1}} f(t) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow y_{i+1} = y_i + \int_{t_i}^{t_{i+1}} f(t) dt$$

↓  
Trapezoidal rule

$$\approx \frac{f(t_i) + f(t_{i+1})}{2} (t_{i+1} - t_i)$$

$$= \frac{f_i + f_{i+1}}{2} \Delta t$$

$$\Rightarrow y_{i+1} \approx y_i + \frac{f_i + f_{i+1}}{2} \Delta t$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \frac{f(a) + f(b)}{2} (b-a) + \underbrace{\frac{1}{12} f^{(2)}(\eta) (b-a)^3}_{\text{error}}$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \frac{f_i + f_{i+1}}{2} \Delta t + \underbrace{\frac{1}{12} f^{(2)}(\eta) (\Delta t)^3}_{O(\Delta t^3)}$$

so local error is  $O(\Delta t^3)$

global error is  $O(\Delta t^2)$